

## POWERS SHIFT RESPONSIBILITY

No Nation Wants to Be First to Blockade Montenegrin Coast.

### UNREST IN AUSTRIA

That Country Suspects Russia of Secretly Aiding King Nicholas.

### SHE MAY SEND TROOPS

Report Austria Will Seize Antivari in Order to Save Scutari.

Special Cable Dispatch to The Sun.  
LONDON, April 3.—The Powers have not yet decided the blockade of the Montenegrin coast and the warships are still waiting for orders.

There were rumors yesterday that the Powers were not united on this point. It was said that notwithstanding the Austro-Hungarian statement on Wednesday that France would join in the blockade that country has refused to send a ship unless formally and publicly authorized by Russia to do so. It is said that she is afraid of alienating Russian public opinion and the "formal public" authorization is not forthcoming. England, it is said, would not act without the participation of France and Italy, which is conditional on that of Great Britain. Every Power seems to be afraid of losing its own friend, so the situation is practically unchanged.

The delay and the rumors referred to aggravated fears of international disputes and the bourses were all flat. All the Ambassadors of the Powers in London visited the Foreign Office yesterday. The Russian Ambassador remained for an hour. The Austro-Hungarian conference will be resumed today.

Meanwhile the Austrians are becoming more and more restless. Austria is suspicious of Russia as there are many rumors that this latter country is secretly supporting the Montenegrins and sending them arms. A non-official Austrian paper of Vienna, the "Reichspost," a non-official paper of Vienna, fed the same yesterday by announcing that a Russian ship filled with war material is a gift of Russia to Montenegro was due at Antivari, the port of Cetinje. If this is true, the ship certainly was equipped by private Slav sympathizers in Russia and not by the Government. The Russian Government, whatever may be the sympathies with the Balkan States, is loyal to the European peace concert.

Russia has behaved admirably throughout the crisis," says the commentator of the "Daily Telegraph," "and deserves well of Europe. She is still working hard to cure Montenegro of her folly."

The danger of the present situation is supposed to be the risk that it will afford Austria a valid pretext for paying a lone hand against the Montenegrins and Serbians and of going so far perhaps as to seize Antivari and landing troops. This would certainly break up the concert of the Powers. Those who are disposed to believe that such action is possible have been strengthened in their opinion by the fact that the Emperor Francis Joseph had announced on Wednesday with the Minister of War and the Chief of the General Staff and a conference on Thursday with the War Minister and the naval commander in chief.

After the Powers start a demonstration immediately nothing is expected to result from it. It is now said that it will not be a blockade and that nothing beyond a demonstration is provided for.

There is some hope to a certain extent by a colorful statement of the situation made by Herr von Jagow, the German Minister of Foreign Affairs, in the Reichstag yesterday. Among other things he said that Germany is taking part in the naval demonstration of the coast of Montenegro at the wish of the ally Austria. He said that Germany was trying to obtain a just settlement of the question of the Turkish islands in the Aegean Sea. She desired to preserve the existing conditions in Turkey's Asiatic possessions and the future of the Aegean Islands must be so arranged that these conditions will not be endangered.

There is nothing from any source to indicate that the fighting has been resumed at Scutari and it is announced from Vienna that it probably will not be begun again before Sunday, when the Serbians are expected to arrive.

All is quiet at Teshatalja so far as can be learned. The reply of the allies to the peace proposals of the Powers is still delayed.

### GREAT TARAKASCH GIVEN UP

Report No General Attack on Scutari Has Been Made.

Special Cable Dispatch to The Sun.  
LONDON, April 3 (delayed).—It seems that the desperate and costly attack of the Montenegrins on the Great Tarakasch fortress was not the beginning of a general assault, but an isolated incident. No official information has been given out from which it is inferred that it was abortive, although it is reported that the fortress was completely abandoned after its capture.

There is no further news of fighting about Scutari. It is said that the attacking force is still awaiting the arrival of Serbian reinforcements. General Berthoulet, the Serbian commander-in-chief, and the Montenegrin General Vukobratovich are here.

### HAMIDIEH SCORES AGAIN

Turkish Cruiser Sinks Greek Transport in Adriatic.

ATHENS, April 3.—It was learned here today that the Turkish cruiser Hamidieh sank the Greek transport Lerios in the Adriatic Sea yesterday off San Giovanni di Medua, Albania. The transport was enured in landing Serbian troops at the Albanian port.

The Turkish cruiser rescued the crew of the Lerios and took them to Jaffa, in Asia Minor, where they were landed today.

## Mrs. Emmeline Pankhurst



## MILITANTS THREATEN TO TAKE HUMAN LIFE

Continued from First Page

started ahead. Women then sprang aside to save their toes and the gates closed behind the prisoner.

Mrs. Pankhurst was near to a breakdown when the jury, after being out only a few minutes, came in with its verdict. She heard the foreman strongly recommend her to the mercy of the court and then she heard the sentence. "Three years at hard labor."

Rising to her feet with an effort, she leaned from the front of the prisoner's enclosure and said addressing the jury: "If it is impossible for you to find a different verdict I want to say to you that it is your duty as private citizens to do what you can to put an end to this state of affairs."

Then she announced her intention of going on a "hunger strike" and offering the term of her imprisonment to an end as soon as possible. "I do not want to commit suicide," she said. "Life is very dear to all of us. I want to see the women of this country enfranchised. I want to live until this has been done. I will take the desperate remedy other women have taken and I will keep it up as long as I have an ounce of strength left."

Before the announcement of sentence Mrs. Pankhurst told the jury why it was she had pleaded guilty, even though she admitted full responsibility for the Walton Heath bomb outrage.

"I pleaded not guilty," she said, "because I am not wicked and malicious, though I accept this full responsibility. No woman in England is ever tried by a jury of her peers, as is her right. Trials such as this today are examples of what the women are suffering in their effort to obtain their rights."

"I deliberately broke the law, not hysterically, not emotionally, but for a serious purpose and because I honestly believe it is the only way. The movement will go on whether I live or die. These women will go on until women have obtained the common rights of citizenship as they shall have over the civilized world before this movement is done."

After the noise following the announcement of the verdict had subsided somewhat Justice Lush proceeded to impose the penalty. The maximum term for the offence was fourteen years.

"You must pass a severe sentence on you," was the court's word. "If you would only realize the wrong you are doing and use your influence in the right direction I should be the first to use my best endeavors to secure a mitigation of your sentence. I cannot and will not regard your crime as trivial. It is a most serious one."

The suffragist leader during her trial called on witnesses and conducted her own defence, confining her efforts to addressing the judge and jury. Her speech lasted for fifty minutes and got so far from her subject at times that the court rebuked her.

She denied malicious incitement, criticised fiercely the "man made" laws which she said she would never heed "no matter what happened."

"The divorce law alone," she said, "is enough to justify a revolution by the women."

An almost forgotten incident which Mrs. Pankhurst raked up in her speech and which drew forth from Justice Lush a rebuke as to her shameful indecorum was the death of a Judge under disgraceful circumstances at Nottingham more than a quarter of a century ago.

Mrs. Pankhurst's demeanor and her speech during the trial were strikingly corroborative of the hysterical mania underlying the whole of the militant pother.

It is understood that Mrs. Pankhurst will be transferred to the women's prison at Aylesbury, but it does not seem worth while to remove her there, as her quick release is certain, and few people doubt that she will appear as she promised at the big meeting at Albert Hall on April 10, when the suffragettes plan to hold a great gathering.

There is reason to believe that the officials of the jail will not attempt to feed her forcibly. As soon as she is hungry enough to get a doctor's certificate that her health is in danger she will be released "on license" for a period which is in the discretion of the Home Secretary, who has this power in the cases of all persons sentenced to penal servitude.

Her case will not be affected by Home Secretary McKenna's new bill which is designed to deal only with women who are not sentenced to penal

servitude and which provides that whenever they are ill they shall be released, but can be sent back to jail when they have sufficiently recovered. For this reason Mrs. Pankhurst will soon be free again. When she has recuperated from self-starvation she may be sent back when she will start on other hunger strike and will again be liberated. This will be continued until the sentence of three years is either commuted or has been served. The periods of release will count as part of the sentence. No one supposes that she will serve the whole term.

### MISS PANKHURST'S VIEWS.

Says Mother's Sentence is an Inletment to Violence.

Special Cable Dispatch to The Sun.  
PARIS, April 3.—Miss Christabel Pankhurst, daughter of Mrs. Pankhurst, in an interview to-night on her mother's sentence to three years penal servitude, said: "We regard the sentence as an inletment to violence."

### WOMEN WORRY CHURCHILL.

Painted Suffragette Greetings Await Him at Plymouth.

Special Cable Dispatch to The Sun.  
PLYMOUTH, April 3.—Suffragettes today defaced the replica of John Smoot's historic shipwreck on which they painted: "To Mr. Churchill—Which will be no security until you give women votes, not matter how big the navy."

This was done on the occasion of Mr. Churchill's official visit to this place and the lettering faced him as he landed from the Admiralty yacht Enchantress.

### U. S. WILL NOT INTERFERE.

Miss Emerson More Leniently Treated Than English Women.

WASHINGTON, April 3.—The State Department received today a complete report on the case of Miss Zelle Emerson, the American suffragette who is in Holloway Jail, London, following her participation in a window breaking episode, from Irwin B. Laughlin, Charge d'Affaires of the American Embassy in London.

The report was sent on direction of Secretary of State Bryan, to whom friends of Miss Emerson, including Senators Townsend and Smith of Michigan, had appealed in her behalf.

Mr. Laughlin reports that if anything Miss Emerson is being treated more leniently than are the English suffragettes who are in prison with her for the same offence.

He said that Mrs. Emerson, the young woman's mother, has been in London for a week and has informed the embassies that she has no charges to make against the feeding of her daughter by means of a stomach tube has been applied in a manner to cause any discomfort inescapable from its nature.

It is not expected that anything further will be done by the State Department in the case in view of the embassy's report.

LONDON, April 3.—Miss Zelle Emerson, the American suffragette, no longer is forcibly fed through the nose in Holloway Jail, because of her serious health. It was learned today. The prison doctors now feed Miss Emerson through a mouth tube. The nasal feeding injured her to such an extent that her condition is said to be alarming.

Despite her illness, friends of the young Michigan girl said, Miss Emerson has been placed in solitary confinement three times for infractions of the prison rules.

### HERE'S A REAL FRENCH DUEL.

Both Men Wounded, and Not by Accident, Either.

PARIS, April 3.—A violent duel took place today outside Paris and both combatants, Deputy Cecaldi and M. Berthoulet, the latter the managing director of the newspaper "La Liberté," were wounded. Cecaldi received a rapier thrust in the right shoulder and Berthoulet was wounded in the right breast.

The duel was severe while it lasted, both men being out for blood. After both had been seriously wounded the seconds intervened and stopped the battle. Surgeons dressed the wounds and the combatants went home. It is not known whether or not they were reconciled.

### Duke of Valencia's Yacht Ashore.

Special Cable Dispatch to The Sun.

PARIS, April 3.—A despatch from Singapore says the Duke of Valencia's steam yacht Sagitta is ashore in the Rio Straits. Tugs have been sent to her assistance.

## ZEPPELIN SEIZED ON LANDING IN FRANCE

People of Luneville Make Great Demonstration Against Hostile Airship.

### LOST WAY IN THE CLOUDS

Minister of War Orders Cruiser Held Until Investigation Can Be Made.

Special Cable Dispatch to The Sun.

PARIS, April 3.—Four German army officers and a crew of six came down in a Zeppelin air cruiser in French territory on the Luneville parade grounds at noon today and were seized by the French authorities.

A newspaper at Reims published a sensational account on last Tuesday of a Zeppelin airship landing on the drill grounds there. In view of the recent increase in military activities of France and Germany this report created much excitement. The Paris newspapers dispatched reporters to the scene and one of them sent a photographer to take pictures. A mob assembled at the place and when they found it was an April fool joke they went to the office of the Reims newspaper and smashed all the windows. The military was called out to suppress the disturbance and an action has been brought against the newspaper for its joke.

There was no joke about the landing at Luneville, near Nancy, today, however. The airship came down at a spot where a brigade of French riflemen were drilling. Before they landed the crew of the airship pulled in the German flag and tore it to pieces and then threw it to the wind, thus preventing a possibly awkward frontier situation.

The German officer in command of the airship, explained to the French commander, Brig. Gen. Antide Leon Lesot, that the reason for the landing was because of a defect in the airship's motor. He said they had left Friedrichshafen at 8:30 this morning and lost their way in the clouds. They did not know they had crossed the French frontier. They said they thought the soldiers were German soldiers drilling at Saarburg.

The officers declared they had taken no photographs, and their statements were confirmed by a search of the airship. Nevertheless the French Minister of War, to whom the news was telegraphed, ordered the ship to be seized. He also sent an aeronautic officer to Luneville to attend the investigation, which will be started tomorrow.

The airship landed easily. It is a new model of the Zeppelin cruiser and was making a trial trip before the military authorities would accept it. The officers aboard were watching this trial.

The French officers at Luneville removed the magnets from the airship and this prevented the balloon from moving. The officers were allowed to telephone to Constance for hydrogen with which to reinflate the balloon.

Some difficulty was encountered in persuading the French navy to let Luneville to watch the ship for the night, but a round sum of money overcame their patriotic scruples. The three German officers are passing the night in the car of the cruiser.

### GERMANS MUCH CHAGRINED.

Realize French Can Examine Workings of Latest Air Craft.

Special Cable Dispatch to The Sun.  
BERLIN, April 3.—The capture of the Zeppelin airship at Luneville, France, today was not known generally in this city until late this evening. It created a big sensation.

The consensus of opinion is that the gravest feature of the affair is that the French were able in a leisurely manner to acquaint themselves with the innermost secrets of the latest German airship. The affair is regarded here as a regrettable misadventure which brought about the presence of the ship over French territory.

It is said that the ship is technically not a military craft, as it is still the property of the Zeppelin firm.

### GEN. MENOCAL STANDS GROUND.

Cuban President-elect Refuses to Give in to Aspirations.

Special Cable Dispatch to The Sun.  
HAVANA, April 3.—The split between President-elect Menocal and the Aspirantists, who broke away from the Liberal party and supported him, has not yet been settled. The Aspirantists insist on having some cabinet positions, while Gen. Menocal continues firm in maintaining his right to choose his Ministers without any outside influence.

Unless the differences are settled before Congress assembles on April 7, Liberals will be elected to preside over both Houses. This will embarrass the Menocal administration greatly.

### PRINCE ALBERT IN HAVANA.

Stays Away From Official Dinner, Mourning for Greek King.

Special Cable Dispatch to The Sun.  
HAVANA, April 3.—The British cruiser Cumberland, with Prince Albert on board, arrived here this morning. The British Minister gave a dinner this evening to the officers of the vessel. The Prince did not attend, as midshipmen are not eligible to be present at official functions, and besides he is in mourning for the late King George of Greece.

The British colony will give an entertainment in his honor on Saturday. The Cumberland will sail for Bermuda on Sunday.

### FLASHES FROM THE CABLE.

COPENHAGEN.—The Socialists increased their representation in the City Council from twenty-four to twenty-seven in the recent municipal elections. Both Socialists and Liberals cast nearly 5,000 more votes than last year.

MADRID.—The Zafra-Huelva Railway Company has recruited eight men whose discharge was the cause of the Rio Tinto mine trouble. Nevertheless, 400 miners have gone on strike and 22,000 will follow.

PARIS.—The French Court of Appeals imposed the death sentence on the automobile bandits, and they will pay the penalties imposed by the trial court, some dying by the guillotine and others serving varying prison terms.

LONDON.—Announcement of a system of night "lettering" at the rate of six words for a penny, which will be delivered in the first morning mail, has been made by Postmaster-General Samuel.

### SAY ANCONA WAS SHOT.

Report That Madero's Secretary Was Executed.

Special Cable Dispatch to The Sun.  
HAVANA, April 3.—Passengers who arrived here on the steamer Corcovado from Vera Cruz today declare that Sanchez Ancona, who was secretary to the late President Madero, was taken off the ship before she sailed and shot.

DOUGLAS, ARIZ., April 3.—The entire plant of the Cananea Consolidated Company, owned by the Cole-Ryan interests of New York, shut down today at Cananea except the mine pumps. These too may have to close in a few days, which will mean that the mines will flood and perhaps months will pass before work can resume. There is danger of a famine among the nearly 3,000 employees, most of whom are destitute. Rioting is feared. United States Consul Sindh left for Cananea today to investigate.

### INTERMENT OF GREEK KING.

Simple Protestant Ceremony at the Grave at Tatoi.

Special Cable Dispatch to The Sun.  
ATHENS, April 3.—The body of King George was buried at Tatoi today with a simple Protestant ceremony. There was no pomp except an artillery salute.

### NO CLUE TO TAPESTRIES THEFT.

Paris Art Dealer Unable to Solve \$50,000 Robbery.

Special Cable Dispatch to The Sun.  
PARIS, April 3.—It is believed here that the thieves who stole \$50,000 worth of rare tapestries from the residence of Albert Duval of 131 Faubourg Saint Honoré, were members of a gang who recently have been very active in this line. They were apparently able to appraise the value of the articles.

The robbery occurred six weeks ago but was kept quiet because M. Duval thought he had a clue to the thieves, but this trail proved to be valueless. M. Duval sent letters and photographs of the stolen property to many collectors to whom the tapestries might be offered, including John D. Rockefeller. His letter to Mr. Rockefeller was returned marked "Refused because of insufficient postage," the deficit being two cents.

The most important articles stolen were Boucher tapestry covers for a sofa and five chairs, which belonged to Boucher's finest period. They had been in the possession of M. Duval for a quarter of a century.

These, with other stolen articles, such as screen tapestries, were placed in three parcels and locked in a cabinet while the woodwork to which they belonged was being repaired. The apartment in which they were kept on the second floor of the building was entered and the robbery was committed without force.

Only the tapestries were stolen, although innumerable objects of art were lying around.

### HISTORICAL CONGRESS OPENS.

Many Nations Represented at Meeting in London.

Special Cable Dispatch to The Sun.  
LONDON, April 3.—The International Congress of Historical Studies opened its sessions here today. Delegates representing the United States, France, Germany, Russia, Great Britain and a number of her dependencies and China are in attendance.

The congress is under the patronage of King George. Ambassador James Bryce was to have been its presiding officer, but he wrote a letter saying that although he had fully expected to be in England at the time, he had been required in the interests of the public service to remain in Washington through the month of April. Adolphus W. Ward, Master of Peterhouse, Cambridge, was chosen to preside in the Ambassador's place.

The address which Ambassador Bryce had prepared was read today. The visiting delegates are to be received by the King and Queen at Windsor Castle and will also attend a service at Westminster Abbey.

### LONDON A FULL GROWN CITY.

People Moving Out and Population at a Standstill.

Special Cable Dispatch to The Sun.  
LONDON, April 3.—London has reached a stage when the growth of population has nearly come to an end," says Mr. Spensley, the assistant statistical officer of the London County Council, in an official report on the declining in London's taxable values.

He ascribes this fact mainly to the outward movement of the people, which is due to the dissatisfaction with the old type of house in the metropolitan area. This has involved an increase of empty houses and the consequent reduction of rents.

### PAVLOVA SEEN IN NEW DANCES.

Russian Appears at New Theatre des Champs Elysees.

Special Cable Dispatch to The Sun.  
PARIS, April 3.—Mlle. Pavlova, with her new partner, Novoskov, who will accompany her to America and appear at the Metropolitan Opera House in October, made a triumphant appearance at the new Theatre des Champs Elysees to-night in a new pas de deux by Glazounov and Rubinstein's "Vals Caprice."

The action was very energetic.

### MUCH MEAT MAY BE LOST.

Refrigerating Works Containing 100,000 Carcasses Threatened.

Special Cable Dispatch to The Sun.  
BREMEN, April 3.—The old refrigerating works of the Blanca Company, now the property of Armour & Co., were burned to-night. The building, which was insured in London companies and Lloyd's.

The fire is still raging and 70,000 carcasses which are awaiting shipment and 30,000 for New York are threatened. If the carcasses should be destroyed the total loss will amount to \$1,425,000.

### FIVE ON SUBMARINE DROWNED.

French Boat Has Accident During Mediterranean Manoeuvres.

TORONTO, April 3.—Five men were swept from the deck of the submarine Turquoise and drowned during the naval manoeuvres in the Mediterranean last night.

The victims were Lieut. Achille Lavake, Ensign Louis Adam and three petty officers.

## The Woman who motors will be charmed with these Auto Coats and Hats

To stay a little while at Saks' is to keep abreast of motor styles

**Women's Auto Coats.** The caption is easy to write, but the variety is beyond us to describe, and the coats are too artistic for mere description to do them justice. The materials include tweeds, chevrons, Bedford cord worsteds, overplaid, broad diagonal chevrons, Government Army cloths, polo flannels, and many besides. And the models are the newest and cleverest in motoring. Such diversity and originality in collars and cuffs and revers! such odd and audacious combinations of color! such buttons that are as immense as demi-tasse saucers and might be medallions by Redin! There's nothing anywhere to match this matchless array of motor coat styles. You never did see quite such style in auto coats before. **\$19.50 to \$85.00**

And the tailoring of Saks motor apparel for women is the work of those who produce fine auto garments exclusively. It has always been an conviction that motor apparel should be made only by specialists, and it is to that that the distinctiveness of Saks styles is chiefly due.

**Women's Motor Hats.** Knockabout ratine hats, silk-and-straw drawstring bonnets, silk-and-hemp mushroom hats, Seudan silk hats with veil attached, and a host of other cleverly contrived models in motor millinery of the more exclusively sort. **\$2.50 to \$20**

## Saks & Company

Broadway at 34th Street

## BIGGEST LINER AFLOAT LAUNCHED AT HAMBURG

The Vaterland, Displacing 31,000 Tons, Will Carry 84 Lifeboats.

Special Cable Dispatch to The Sun.

HAMBURG, April 3.—The new steamship of the Hamburg-American Line, which is now the largest vessel afloat, was launched here today and named the Vaterland by Prince Rupprecht of Bavaria. The Vaterland will be placed in service in about a year's time.

The Vaterland, which was launched yesterday at the yards of Blohm & Voess, at Hamburg, displaced 31,000 tons, the heaviest launching weight of any merchantman that ever has taken water, minus her machinery.

The Vaterland is 550 feet long and 100 feet wide, and when finished will displace more than 30,000 tons. Like the Imperator she is built with an inner skin making a double hull that is carried high above the waterline.

No liner will be better equipped with lifeboats than the Vaterland and her sister the Imperator. She will carry eighty-four in all, including two high powered motor boats capable of towing the others.

The cabins of the Vaterland, like those of the Imperator, will be larger than those of any other ship afloat. Besides the main dining saloon and the Ritz-Carlton restaurant, there are a number of private dining rooms. All the staterooms in the first cabin have brass bedsteads instead of the usual berths. Other luxuries will be a Roman swimming pool, Turkish baths and electric baths. Large gymnasiums in the first and second cabins and a running track and squash court will help to amuse those who like other exercise than the mere prommading of wide decks looks long.

The Vaterland will not be in service before next spring. Her engines are designed to give her a speed of 24 knots.

### CHINA'S OFFER TO MONGOLIA.

Wants Resumption of Relations—Reply Not Very Favorable.

Special Cable Dispatch to The Sun.  
PEKING, April 3.—The Government invited the Khutukhta of Mongolia (the head of the Buddhists, who controls part of the country) to resume relations with China on condition that all negotiations with Russia shall be made through Peking.

The Chinese Government on its part promised to take over the Mongolian debts and not to colonize Mongolia with Chinese. It also promised to compensate the Mongolian princes.

The Khutukhta replied expressing a reciprocal wish for friendship with China, but refusing to surrender the independence of the country. He stipulated further that if China wished to open negotiations with Mongolia she would have to send an emissary to Urum without an escort.

### BIG DIFFERENCE IN GUESSES.

City's Is \$2,478,510 Less Than Expert's on Park Ave. Damages.

Real estate experts differed yesterday at the meeting of the Board of Estimate as to the amount of damages which will result on Park avenue at Thirty-fourth street if Borough President McAneny's plan for a change of grade goes through. Edmund L. Baylies, who represents property owners opposed to the scheme, brought in a report of William E. Davies, a real estate expert, who said that the damages would reach \$2,478,510.

Borough President McAneny said that the real estate bureau of the Finance Department had made an appraisal of the damages and had decided that the total wouldn't be more than \$150,000.

### YOUTH CALM AT MURDER TRIAL

To Raise Money to Wed, Killing of Four Is Phrased.